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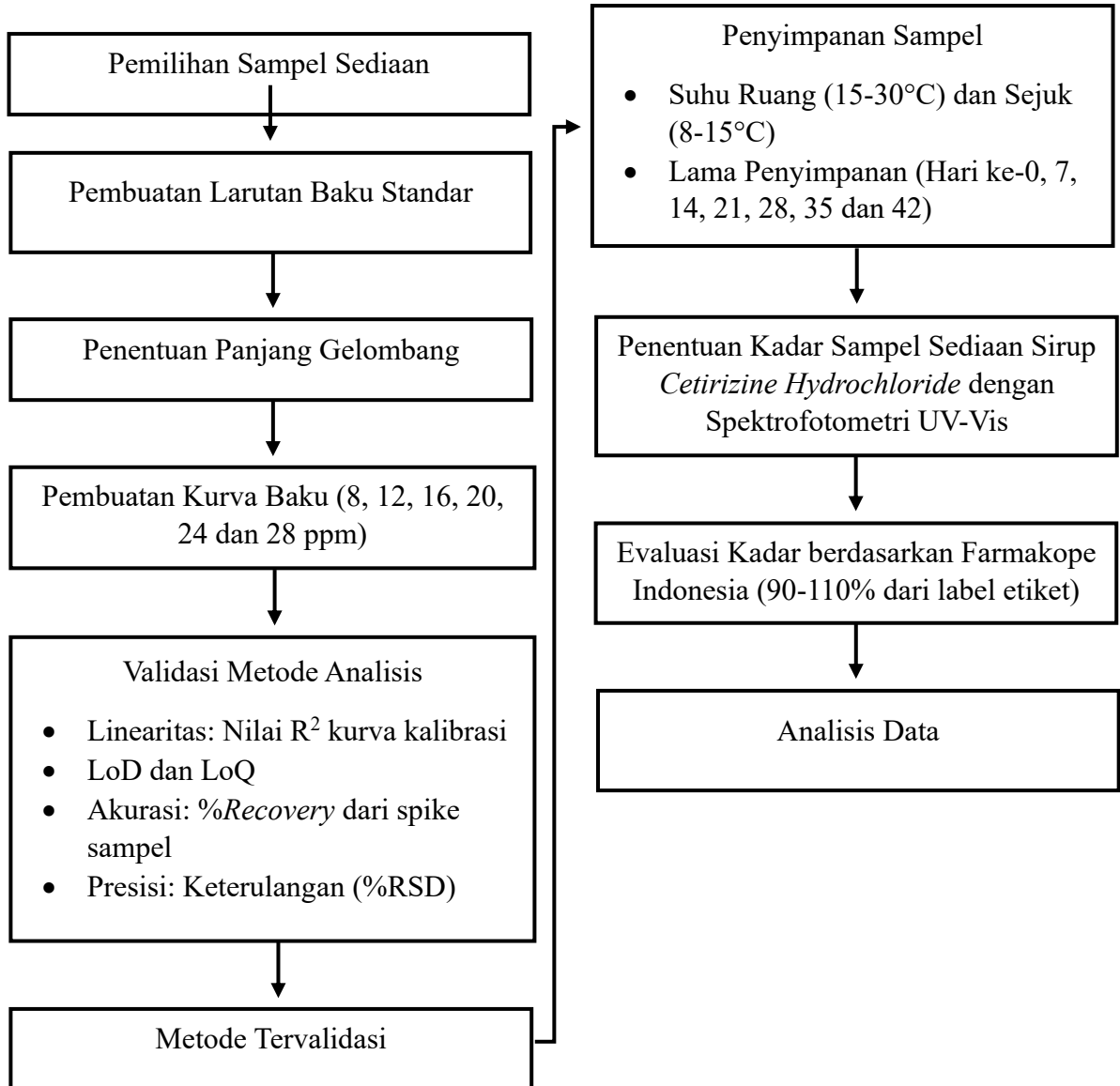
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LAMPIRAN

Lampiran 1. Alur Penelitian



Lampiran 2. Kode Etik Penelitian



YAYASAN HARAPAN BUNDA BATAM
INSTITUT KESEHATAN MITRA BUNDA
KOMITE ETIK PENELITIAN

Jl. Seraya No 1 KOTA BATAM Telp/Fax (0778) 429431, website : <http://ikmb.ac.id>
 SURAT KEPUTUSAN MENTERI PENDIDIKAN DAN KEBUDAYAAN REPUBLIK INDONESIA No. 284/M/2020

KOMITE ETIK PENELITIAN
INSTITUT KESEHATAN MITRA BUNDA
 THE RESEARCH ETHICAL COMMITTEE INSTITUT KESEHATAN MITRA BUNDA

SURAT KETERANGAN
ETHICAL APPROVAL
No. 126/K/KEP/IKMB/VIII/2025

Komite Etik Penelitian Institut Kesehatan Mitra Bunda, menyatakan dengan ini bahwa penelitian dengan judul :
The Research Ethical Committee of Institut Kesehatan Mitra Bunda states hereby that the following proposal :

"Analisis Kadar Obat Cetirizine Hydrochloride Sediaan Sirup terhadap Suhu dan Lama Penyimpanan dengan Metode Spektrofotometri UV-Vis"
"Analysis of Cetirizine Hydrochloride Levels in Syrup Preparations Based on Temperature and Storage Duration Using the UV-Vis Spectrophotometry Method"

Peneliti Utama : Andini Roshida Amaliatama
Principal Investigator

Lokasi Penelitian : Laboratorium Kimia Farmasi
Research Location

Waktu Penelitian : Juni – September 2025
Time Schedule


Responden/Subjek Penelitian : 6 Produk Obat Sirup *Cetirizine Hydrochloride*
Respondent/Research Subject

Telah melalui prosedur kaji etik dan dinyatakan layak untuk dilaksanakan
Has proceeded the ethical assessment procedure and been approved for implementation

Batam, 26 Agustus 2025
 Ketua / Chairman,

 dr. Ibnu Rushd, M.K.M

Lampiran 3. Sertifikat Analisis Baku Standar



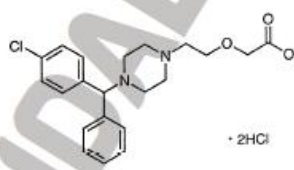
BADAN PENGAWAS OBAT DAN MAKANAN

Jl. Percetakan Negara No. 23 Jakarta Pusat 10560 Indonesia
Telp. (021) 424 4691, 424 4819, 424 5075, Fax : 424 5150, 420 1427
Email : ppomn@pom.go.id; sekretariatkappomn@gmail.com Website : www.pom.go.id

SERTIFIKAT ANALISIS

NAMA ZAT : CETIRIZINE
DIHYDROKHLORIDA /
SETIRIZIN
DIHIDROKLORIDA BPFI

CAS No. : 83881-52-1
NO KONTROL : AB0223376
FORMULA : C₂₁H₂₅ClN₂O₃·2HCl
BOBOT MOLEKUL : 461,81 g/mol



· 2HCl


TUJUAN PENGGUNAAN : - Identifikasi secara spektrofotometri inframerah
- Identifikasi secara kromatografi cair kinerja tinggi
- Uji kemurnian secara kromatografi cair kinerja tinggi
- Penetapan kadar

WADAH DAN PENYIMPANAN : Dalam wadah tertutup rapat, terlindung dari cahaya dan kelembapan, disimpan pada suhu ruang terkendali hingga 25°C.

PENGUJIAN	METODE	SPESIFIKASI	HASIL
Pemerian	-	Serbuk warna putih sampai hampir putih	Memenuhi syarat
Identifikasi	Spektrofotometri inframerah	Sesuai baku primer <i>Cetirizine dihydrochloride</i> EPRS	Memenuhi syarat
	Kromatografi cair kinerja tinggi	- Kromatogram pelarut tidak menunjukkan puncak dengan waktu retensi yang sama dengan larutan uji dan baku - Waktu retensi puncak utama pada kromatogram larutan uji sesuai dengan larutan baku	Memenuhi syarat
Susut pengeringan	Gravimetri	≤ 0,5%	0,09% (n = 6; SD = 0,01%)
Sisa pemijaran	Gravimetri	≤ 0,2%	0,05% (n = 6; SD = 0,01%)
Uji kemurnian	Kromatografi cair kinerja tinggi	-	Cemaran total = 0,18%

Kadar yang ditetapkan (assigned value) 99,68%, U = 0,82%, k=2


Kepala Pusat Pengembangan Pengujian Obat dan Makanan Nasional
Ketua Tim Pengembangan Baku Pembanding Kimia



Atiek Supardjati Eka S., S.Si., Apt., MKM
Tanggal adopsi: 14 Desember 2023

Versi 1

Halaman 1 dari 1



Lampiran 4. Data Survei Awal Merek Cetirizine Hydrochloride Sediaan Sirup di Pasaran

No.	Nama Dagang	Produsen	Kemasan	Harga/60 mL	Ketersediaan	No. Izin Edar	Catatan
1.	Allercyl	Tempo Pacific	Scan Botol Plastik	Rp11.000	Tersedia Terbatas	DTL0322718537A2	Murah
2.	Xilergy	Konimex	Botol Plastik	Rp12.000	Tersedia Terbatas	DTL1413025037A1	Murah
3.	Trisela	Erela	Botol	Rp14.000	Umum Tersedia	DTL1406315937A1	Murah
4.	Lerzin	Ifars	Botol	Rp16.800	Tersedia Luas	DTL0509215237A1	Sedang
5.	Cerini	Sanbe Farma	Botol	Rp65.000	Tersedia Luas	DTL1422252537A1	Sedang
6.	Rinocet	Meprofarm	Botol	Rp80.000	Umum Tersedia	DTL1015620937A1	Sedang
7.	Histrine	Ferron Par Pharmaceutical	Botol	Rp85.000	Tersedia Terbatas	DTL1234609937A1	Mahal
8.	Ryvel	Novell	Botol	Rp92.400	Umum Tersedia	DKL0433510437A1	Mahal
9.	Intrizin	Interbat	Botol	Rp107.500	Tersedia Luas	DTL0617621737A1	Mahal

Kategori Rentang Harga (Murah, Sedang, Mahal)

Data terbagi menjadi 3 bagian atau tertile, maka persentil yang digunakan P33 dan P66 dengan nilai $n = 9$.

Rumus Posisi Persentil:

$$Pk = \frac{k}{100} \times (n + 1)$$

P33:

$$P33 = \frac{33}{100} \times (10) = 3,3$$

Posisi 3,3 berarti ambil data ke-3 dan data ke-4, lalu interpolasi:

$$P33 = 14.000 + 0,3 \times (16.800 - 14.000) = 14.000 + 840 = Rp14.840$$

P66:

$$P66 = \frac{66}{100} \times (10) = 6,6$$

Posisi 6,6 berarti ambil data ke-6 dan data ke-7, lalu interpolasi:

$$P66 = 80.000 + 0,6 \times (85.000 - 80.000) = 80.000 + 3.000 = Rp83.000$$

Berdasarkan hasil perhitungan di atas, didapatkan klasifikasi harga

Kategori Harga	Rentang Harga (Rp)
Murah	<Rp14.840
Sedang	14.840-83.000
Mahal	>83.000

Skala Ketersediaan Produk

Kategori Ketersediaan	Kriteria
Tersedia luas	Ditemukan di ≥ 3 apotek berbeda
Umum Tersedia	Ditemukan di 2 apotek

Tersedia Terbatas	Hanya tersedia di 1 apotek
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Lampiran 5. Perhitungan Pembuatan Larutan Baku Standar Konsentrasi 100 ppm dalam 250 mL

Perhitungan :

$$C = \frac{m \text{ (mg)}}{V \text{ (L)}}$$

$$100 \text{ ppm} = \frac{m \text{ (mg)}}{0,25 \text{ L}}$$

$$m \text{ (mg)} = 25 \text{ mg}$$

Lampiran 6. Perhitungan Pengenceran Penentuan Panjang Gelombang

Pengenceran 10 ppm:

$$C1 \times V1 = C2 \times V2$$

$$100 \text{ ppm} \times V1 = 10 \text{ ppm} \times 10 \text{ mL}$$

$$V1 = \frac{100}{100}$$

$$V1 = 1 \text{ mL}$$

Lampiran 7. Perhitungan Pengenceran Seri Konsentrasi

Pengenceran 8 ppm :

$$C1 \times V1 = C2 \times V2$$

$$100 \text{ ppm} \times V1 = 8 \text{ ppm} \times 25 \text{ mL}$$

$$V1 = \frac{200}{100}$$

$$V1 = 2 \text{ mL}$$

Pengenceran 10 ppm:

$$C1 \times V1 = C2 \times V2$$

$$100 \text{ ppm} \times V1 = 10 \text{ ppm} \times 25 \text{ mL}$$

$$V1 = \frac{250}{100}$$

$$V1 = 2,5 \text{ mL}$$

Pengenceran 12 ppm:

$$C1 \times V1 = C2 \times V2$$

$$100 \text{ ppm} \times V1 = 12 \text{ ppm} \times 25 \text{ mL}$$

$$V1 = \frac{300}{100}$$

$$V1 = 3 \text{ mL}$$

Pengenceran 14 ppm:

$$C1 \times V1 = C2 \times V2$$

$$100 \text{ ppm} \times V1 = 14 \text{ ppm} \times 25 \text{ mL}$$

$$V1 = \frac{350}{100}$$

$$V1 = 3,5 \text{ mL}$$

Pengenceran 16 ppm:

$$C1 \times V1 = C2 \times V2$$

$$100 \text{ ppm} \times V1 = 16 \text{ ppm} \times 25 \text{ mL}$$

$$V1 = \frac{400}{100}$$

$$V1 = 4 \text{ mL}$$

Pengenceran 18 ppm:

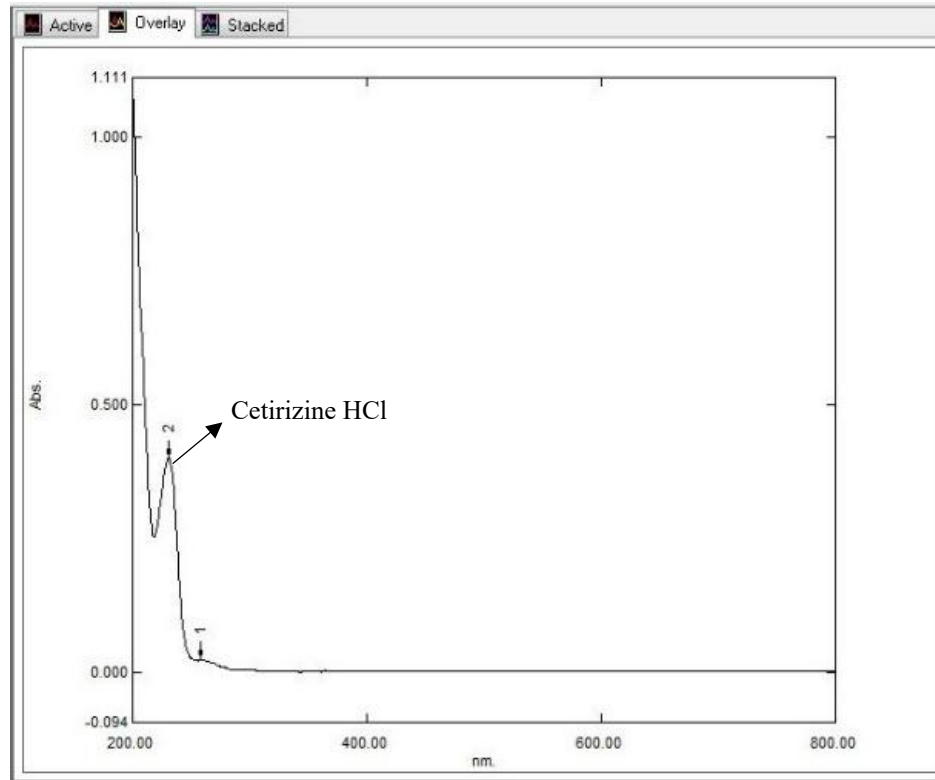
$$C1 \times V1 = C2 \times V2$$

$$100 \text{ ppm} \times V1 = 18 \text{ ppm} \times 25 \text{ mL}$$

$$V1 = \frac{450}{100}$$

$$V1 = 4,5 \text{ mL}$$

Lampiran 8. Spektrum Panjang Gelombang Maksimum Cetirizine HCl 10 ppm



Lampiran 9. Perhitungan LOD dan LOQ

LOD:

$$LOD = \frac{3,3Sy/x}{b}$$

$$LOD = \frac{3,3 \times 0.180}{0.0482} = 12.33$$

LOQ:

$$LOQ = \frac{10Sy/x}{b}$$

$$LOQ = \frac{10 \times 0.180}{0.0482} = 37.34$$

Lampiran 10. Perhitungan Uji Akurasi

Level Spike	Absorbansi	Perhitungan
50%	1.137	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{1.137 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{1.1669}{0.0482} = 24.2 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Recovery:</p> $\frac{\text{Kadar yang diperoleh}}{\text{Kadar yang sebenarnya}} \times 100\%$ $\frac{24.2 \text{ ppm}}{24 \text{ ppm}} \times 100\% = 100,8\%$
100%	1.503	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{1.503 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{1.5329}{0.0482} = 31.8 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Recovery:</p> $\frac{\text{Kadar yang diperoleh}}{\text{Kadar yang sebenarnya}} \times 100\%$ $\frac{31.8 \text{ ppm}}{32 \text{ ppm}} \times 100\% = 99,3\%$
150%	1.897	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{1.897 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{1.9269}{0.0482} = 39.9 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Recovery:</p> $\frac{\text{Kadar yang diperoleh}}{\text{Kadar yang sebenarnya}} \times 100\%$ $\frac{39.9 \text{ ppm}}{40 \text{ ppm}} \times 100\% = 99,7\%$

Lampiran 11. Perhitungan Uji Presisi

Nilai %RSD:

$$\%RSD = \frac{\text{Standar Deviasi}}{\text{Rata - Rata}} \times 100\%$$

$$\%RSD = \frac{0.009}{0.715} \times 100\%$$

$$\%RSD = 1.26\%$$

Lampiran 12. Perhitungan Kadar Obat Sirup *Cetirizine Hydrochloride* pada Suhu Ruang

Hari Ke-	Absorbansi	Perhitungan
S1		
0	0.486	Konsentrasi: $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.486 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.5159}{0.0482} = 10.70 \text{ ppm}$ %Kadar Cetirizine HCl: $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.70 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 107\%$
7	0.466	Konsentrasi: $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.466 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4959}{0.0482} = 10.29 \text{ ppm}$ %Kadar Cetirizine HCl: $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.29 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 102.9\%$

14	0.457	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.457 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4869}{0.0482} = 10.10 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.10 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 101\%$
21	0.440	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.440 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4699}{0.0482} = 9.75 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.75 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 97.5\%$
28	0.435	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.435 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4649}{0.0482} = 9.64 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.64 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 96.4\%$
35	0.418	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$

		$x = \frac{0.418 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4479}{0.0482} = 9.29 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.29 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 92.9\%$
S2		
0	0.503	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.503 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.5329}{0.0482} = 11.06 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{11.06 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 110.6\%$
7	0.472	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.472 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.5019}{0.0482} = 10.40 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.40 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 104\%$
14	0.459	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.459 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$

		$x = \frac{0.4889}{0.0482} = 10.14 \text{ ppm}$ %Kadar Cetirizine HCl: $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.14 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 101.4\%$
21	0.441	Konsentrasi: $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.441 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4709}{0.0482} = 9.77 \text{ ppm}$ %Kadar Cetirizine HCl: $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.77 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 97.7\%$
28	0.437	Konsentrasi: $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.437 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4669}{0.0482} = 9.69 \text{ ppm}$ %Kadar Cetirizine HCl: $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.69 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 96.9 \%$
35	0.418	Konsentrasi: $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.418 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4479}{0.0482} = 9.29 \text{ ppm}$ %Kadar Cetirizine HCl:

		$\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.29 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 92.9\%$
S3		
0	0.522	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.522 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.5519}{0.0482} = 11.44 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{11.44 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 114.4\%$
7	0.496	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.496 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.5259}{0.0482} = 10.91 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.91 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 109.1\%$
14	0.479	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.479 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.5089}{0.0482} = 10.56 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p>

		$\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times \text{FP}}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.56 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 105.6\%$
21	0.465	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.465 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4949}{0.0482} = 10.27 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times \text{FP}}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.27 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 102.7\%$
28	0.448	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.448 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4749}{0.0482} = 9.91 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times \text{FP}}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.91 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 99.1\%$
35	0.417	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.417 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4469}{0.0482} = 9.27 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times \text{FP}}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$

		$\%Kadar = \frac{9.27 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 92.7\%$
S4		
0	0.509	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.509 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.5389}{0.0482} = 11.18 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{11.18 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 111.8\%$
7	0.499	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.499 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.45289}{0.0482} = 10.97 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.97 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 109.7\%$
14	0.485	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.485 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.5149}{0.0482} = 10.68 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.68 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 106.8\%$
21	0.453	Konsentrasi:

		$y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.453 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4829}{0.0482} = 10.02 \text{ ppm}$ %Kadar Cetirizine HCl: $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.02 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 100.2\%$
28	0.445	Konsentrasi: $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.445 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4749}{0.0482} = 9.85 \text{ ppm}$ %Kadar Cetirizine HCl: $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.85 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 98.5\%$
35	0.431	Konsentrasi: $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.431 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4609}{0.0482} = 9.56 \text{ ppm}$ %Kadar Cetirizine HCl: $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.56 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 95.6\%$
S5		
0	0.509	Konsentrasi: $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$

		$x = \frac{0.509 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.5389}{0.0482} = 11.18 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times \text{FP}}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{11.18 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 111.8\%$
7	0.491	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.491 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.5209}{0.0482} = 10.80 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times \text{FP}}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.80 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 108\%$
14	0.482	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.482 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.5119}{0.0482} = 10.62 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times \text{FP}}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.62 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 106.2\%$
21	0.450	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.450 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$

		$x = \frac{0.4799}{0.0482} = 9.95 \text{ ppm}$ %Kadar Cetirizine HCl: $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.954 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 99.5\%$
28	0.445	Konsentrasi: $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.445 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4749}{0.0482} = 9.85 \text{ ppm}$ %Kadar Cetirizine HCl: $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.85 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 98.5\%$
35	0.433	Konsentrasi: $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.433 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4629}{0.0482} = 9.60 \text{ ppm}$ %Kadar Cetirizine HCl: $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.60 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 96\%$
S6		
0	0.464	Konsentrasi: $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.464 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4939}{0.0482} = 10.25 \text{ ppm}$

		<p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.25 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 102.5\%$
7	0.458	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.458 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4879}{0.0482} = 10.12 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.12 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 101.2\%$
14	0.448	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.448 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4779}{0.0482} = 9.91 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.91 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 99.1\%$
21	0.436	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.436 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4659}{0.0482} = 9.66 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p>

		$\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times \text{FP}}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.66 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 96.6\%$
28	0.432	Konsentrasi: $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.432 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4619}{0.0482} = 9.59 \text{ ppm}$ %Kadar Cetirizine HCl: $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times \text{FP}}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.59 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 95.9\%$
35	0.427	Konsentrasi: $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.427 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4569}{0.0482} = 9.48 \text{ ppm}$ %Kadar Cetirizine HCl: $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times \text{FP}}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.48 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 94.8\%$

Lampiran 13. Perhitungan Kadar Obat Sirup *Cetirizine Hydrochloride* pada Suhu Sejuk

Hari Ke-	Absorbansi	Perhitungan
S1		
0	0.482	Konsentrasi: $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.482 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$

		$x = \frac{0.5119}{0.0482} = 10.62 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.62 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 106.2\%$
7	0.478	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.478 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.5079}{0.0482} = 10.54 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.54 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 105.4\%$
14	0.468	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.468 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.49779}{0.0482} = 10.33 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.33 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 103.3\%$
21	0.449	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.449 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4789}{0.0482} = 9.92 \text{ ppm}$

		<p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.92 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 99.2\%$
28	0.433	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.433 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4629}{0.0482} = 9.62 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.62 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 96.2\%$
35	0.423	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.423 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4529}{0.0482} = 9.40 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.40 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 94\%$
S2		
0	0.477	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.477 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.5069}{0.0482} = 10.52 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p>

		$\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.52 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 105.2\%$
7	0.453	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.453 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4829}{0.0482} = 10.01 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.01 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 100.1\%$
14	0.437	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.437 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4669}{0.0482} = 9.69 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.69 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 96.9\%$
21	0.424	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.424 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4539}{0.0482} = 9.43 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$

		$\%Kadar = \frac{9.43 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 94.3\%$
28	0.406	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.406 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4359}{0.0482} = 9.04 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.04 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 90.4\%$
35	0.402	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.402 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4319}{0.0482} = 8.96 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{8.96 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 89.6\%$
S3		
0	0.481	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.481 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.5109}{0.0482} = 10.60 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.60 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 106\%$
7	0.475	Konsentrasi:

		$y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.475 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.5049}{0.0482} = 10.47 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.47 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 104.7\%$
14	0.466	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.466 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4959}{0.0482} = 10.29 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.29 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 102.9\%$
21	0.451	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.451 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4809}{0.0482} = 9.97 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.97 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 99.7\%$
28	0.416	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.416 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$

		$x = \frac{0.4459}{0.0482} = 9.26 \text{ ppm}$ %Kadar Cetirizine HCl: $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.26 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 92.6\%$
35	0.388	Konsentrasi: $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.388 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4179}{0.0482} = 8.67 \text{ ppm}$ %Kadar Cetirizine HCl: $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{8.67 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 86.7\%$
S4		
0	0.502	Konsentrasi: $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.502 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.5319}{0.0482} = 11.02 \text{ ppm}$ %Kadar Cetirizine HCl: $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{11.02 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 110.2\%$
7	0.476	Konsentrasi: $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.476 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.5059}{0.0482} = 10.49 \text{ ppm}$

		<p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.49 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 104.9\%$
14	0.461	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.461 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4909}{0.0482} = 10.21 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.21 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 102.1\%$
21	0.453	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.453 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4829}{0.0482} = 10.01 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.01 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 100.1\%$
28	0.416	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.416 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4459}{0.0482} = 9.25 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p>

		$\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.25 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 92.5\%$
35	0.395	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.395 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4249}{0.0482} = 8.81 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{8.81 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 88.1\%$
S5		
0	0.486	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.486 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.5159}{0.0482} = 10.70 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.70 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 107\%$
7	0.479	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.479 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.5089}{0.0482} = 10.56 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p>

		$\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.56 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 105.6\%$
14	0.462	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.462 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4919}{0.0482} = 10.23 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.23 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 102.3\%$
21	0.452	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.452 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4819}{0.0482} = 9.99 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.99 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 99.9\%$
28	0.412	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.412 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4419}{0.0482} = 9.16 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$

		$\%Kadar = \frac{9.16 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 91.6\%$
35	0.390	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.390 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4199}{0.0482} = 8.71 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{8.71 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 87.1\%$
S6		
0	0.537	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.537 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.5669}{0.0482} = 11.75 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{11.75 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 117.5\%$
7	0.501	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.501 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.5309}{0.0482} = 11.00 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{11.00 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 110\%$
14	0.482	Konsentrasi:

		$y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.482 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.5119}{0.0482} = 10.62 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.62 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 106.2\%$
21	0.466	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.466 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4959}{0.0482} = 10.29 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.29 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 102.9\%$
28	0.453	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.453 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$ $x = \frac{0.4829}{0.0482} = 10.01 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times FP}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{10.01 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 100.1\%$
35	0.424	<p>Konsentrasi:</p> $y = 0.0482x - 0.0299$ $x = \frac{0.424 + 0.0299}{0.0482}$

		$x = \frac{0.4539}{0.0482} = 9.41 \text{ ppm}$ <p>%Kadar Cetirizine HCl:</p> $\frac{\text{Konsentrasi } \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}}\right) \times \text{Volume Total Sampel (L)} \times \text{FP}}{\text{Berat Sampel (mg)}}$ $\%Kadar = \frac{9.41 \times 0.1 \times 10}{10} = 94.1\%$
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Lampiran 14. Penyimpanan Obat Pada Suhu Sejuk



Lampiran 15. Penyimpanan Obat Pada Suhu Ruang